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The Intelligencer
WHEELING, OCTOBER 17, 1894.
REPUBLICAN TICKET.
FOR CONGRESS.
First District—B. B. DOYENER, of Ohio County.
Second District—A. G. DAYTON, of Barbour Co.
Third District—JAS. H. HULING, of Kanawha Co.
Fourth District—WARREN MILLER, of Jackson Co.
FOR STATE SENATOR—FIRST DISTRICT.
N. E. WHITAKER.
FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES.
JOSEPH C. BRADY.
ABRAHAM STAMM.
ALEX. R. CAMPBELL.
G. C. SMITH.
FOR JUDGE OF THE CRIMINAL COURT.
T. J. HUGES.
FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.
JAMES C. LEWIS.

FACTS ABOUT WAGES.
Saturday's Register contained an editorial concerning wages and the tariff, in which the Democratic organ attempted to make it appear that the present low rate of wages was a direct result of the McKinley bill. This was in answer to the Republican comparison, which every wage worker knows to be based on facts, between the wages earned under protection and the decreased pay of workmen since the beginning of the assault on the tariff, which brought the depression, idleness and consequent lower wages.

The Intelligencer has taken the trouble to investigate the wage situation in this community during Democratic times, and finds that the reductions which the Register mentions have occurred during the past year, or since the assault on the protective tariff began.

During the Harrison administration end up to 1893, three years after the passage of the McKinley bill, puddlers in the mills about Wheeling received from \$5 to \$5.50 per ton. Last winter, after the Democratic Congress had got to work on the tariff, with the threatened wiping out of protection, came the prostration of the iron business and a general reduction of wages. The puddlers were reduced to \$4.50 and then to \$4.00. Many puddlers voluntarily offered to work for the latter figure, and even less, rather than to remain idle. At present three men working at a furnace can average but \$1.50 per day each. Previous to the advent of these Democratic times a puddler averaged \$3.00 net per day, his helper \$2 and the third hand \$1.25. The present rate, however, is so low that the puddler takes his helpers on equal terms and they divide the proceeds of the furnace, each averaging \$1.50 per day. With only one helper the puddler could make more, but the work is too heavy for two men and three are required.

In 1892-3, before the tariff tinkering began, all the puddling furnaces in this community were employed. Today but one mill is doing puddling—the Benwood mill.

The steel workers here during the past year have had their wages reduced 40 per cent, and have not averaged two days of employment a week during that time. Like the puddlers, the steel workers see no prospect of an increase of wages or for steadier employment under present conditions, though for three years after the McKinley bill passed they had steady work at 40 per cent higher wages. They are among the greatest sufferers from Democratic times and the consequent depression of the iron and steel trade, which, as the trade reports say, is getting down to a free trade basis in anticipation of what the Democrats threaten to do.

The iron and steel workers are not the only sufferers. The potters recently accepted a 12 1/2 per cent reduction which was due directly to the reduced tariff on their products. The wage scale was based on the lower duties in the new tariff bill.

The Register, in a momentary fit of frankness, acknowledges that there were some advances of wages in Republican times, but alleges that they were in the "non-protected" trades. It says:

The few very rare instances of increases in the rate of wages are all found in the non-protected trades, such as carpentering, bricklaying, etc. That is a point Republican organs never touch upon because they can't explain it and it knocks the props away from their whole argument.

The Register is in error. The Republicans do touch upon this point long enough to lay down the doctrine that these trades are indirectly benefitted by any law that benefits the so-called protected industries. They shared in the general prosperity under the Republican policy, just as they are now sharing in the effects of Democratic hard times. That they are affected in their wages by the Democratic depression is easily proven. Within the past eight months the carpenters in this city have had their wages reduced 10 per cent, bricklayers 12 1/2 per cent, stone masons 12 1/2

per cent, plasterers 10 per cent and hod carriers 10 per cent. None of these trades are steadily employed. The carpenters are better employed than members of other trades, and they are only working on about two-thirds time. Day laborers in the mills have been reduced in the same time from \$1.25 to \$1.10 per day. Day laborers in the city who a year ago received \$1.75 per day are now working at \$1.50, and have not steady employment.

These are only a few instances showing how the wage-worker has been "benefited" by Democratic times. The reductions did not occur under a Republican administration. The higher wages prevailed for three years under the McKinley bill, and only came down when Democrats began the work of smashing the tariff, forcing manufacturers to anticipate a lower basis or to close down altogether, owing to the depression caused by uncertainty. Now our Democratic friends claim there is a business revival due to the new tariff bill; but are the workmen having their wages restored?

Wilson's Hippodrome Tour.
Colonel McGraw, Mr. Wilson's manager, is succeeding only fairly well in working up the "great and spontaneous" receptions of the apostle of free trade, and he is finding it a very costly undertaking. Everything that can be being resorted to for the purpose of arousing the apathetic Democracy and producing a wave of Democratic enthusiasm over the district, which is expected to save Mr. Wilson from defeat. By a liberal expenditure of money and the adoption of all sorts of methods to attract crowds good attendance is secured at the Wilson meetings, and then the fact is heralded over the country by the Democratic press that there is such an uprising of the people in Mr. Wilson's district as was never before witnessed. This, of course, has an effect in other states where free traders are in danger of defeat.

An instance in point was the Morgantown meeting on Saturday, which was, so far as attendance was concerned, a big affair. About half of those present, it is true, were not West Virginia voters, but they helped swell the crowd for effect and that was what Col. McGraw and the other managers wanted. Among other means adopted to render the meeting "grandly popular" were the following, according to a Morgantown correspondent:

1. One thousand free railroad tickets were distributed in Pittsburgh, that brought Pennsylvanians on a free pleasure trip to make up a West Virginia gathering.

2. A steamboat plying on the Monongahela river from Pittsburgh to Morgantown was chartered to convey passengers on a free ride to Mr. Wilson's meeting; and

3. The suspension bridge that spans the Monongahela river was bought for the day, and no tolls charged to those who wended their way to the free trade demonstration.

Now, all this must have cost a big lot of money, and it confirms the statements heretofore made that Mr. Wilson's campaign committee has at its disposal an unlimited amount of boodle.

For some time past a barbecue has been advertised to be held at Belington. In this instance, also, money is being liberally expended to assemble a monster crowd. On that occasion a special train will be run from Grafton, and transportation will be furnished free. Now, "who pays the freight" in order that the hungry crowd may be fed to the strains of brass bands, and that, as one correspondent expresses it, "in one day of gladness and plenty eighteen months of Democratic hard times are expected to be forgotten?" That money contributed by the importers of New York, the sugar trust, and bled from federal office-holders, is being used to pay the expenses of Mr. Wilson's hippodrome campaign is not doubted. It is not probable that the enormous amount necessary comes from Mr. Wilson's own pocket.

The object in referring to these matters is to show that the Democracy of the Second district finds itself in a deplorable situation when it finds it necessary to resort to these means to secure crowds for Mr. Wilson and to awaken the voters from their indifference to his fate. There are no spontaneous welcomes as of yore. Desperate hustling and great expenditures of money are necessary this year. Such a situation is not comforting to Democrats. If Mr. Wilson is "vindicated," the victory will only be secured through these almost superhuman efforts. Verily the Second district Democracy is finding that Dayton is no joke.

Cheap Demagoguery.
McKinley is riding over the country in a private Pullman car, furnished free, while William L. Wilson is riding over his district in the common kind of day coaches, meeting with his friends and constituents as all every day people do.

McKinley can't bear to rub up against the private coach in a railroad car. He must have a common coach.—Register.

And do you expect to get votes by indulging in such demagoguery? Does Mr. Wilson never ride in a Pullman car when he takes a long journey, and when he went to Europe did he take first-class passage or go in the steerage "with the common herd?" When Mr. Wilson made his famous political tour of the Pacific coast three or four years ago he had a palace car, which he didn't pay for out of his own pocket, and no Republican was demagogue enough to make political capital of the fact. What a desperate cause it is that has to be bolstered up by such silly rot as the above from the Register.

Literally True.
In his Mannington speech Mr. Wilson said:
No nation will buy from us anything that we cannot make cheaper than its people can, and it is literally true, whether country that it cannot produce cheaper than we.
This is literally true, and when we go after the markets of the world that Mr. Wilson is so fond of talking about we find that we have to compete with foreign goods produced by cheaper labor

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

than our own. Then, in order to gain a footing in those markets we must bring the labor cost of our commodities down to the foreign level.

An Evasive Statement.
Yesterday Mr. Wilson addressed the miners at Monongah, but did not, contrary to their expectations, defend his free coal record. He did not tell them why he labored to place coal on the free list after soliciting their votes on the promise that he favored a duty on the product. The miners had a right to expect that he would talk on this subject of such vital interest to them. Is it possible that Mr. Wilson has not the courage of his convictions when it comes to facing his constituents in the industrial region of his district?

The beauties of Mr. Wilson's economic theories may have seemed pleasant, but they didn't satisfy the inquiring minds of the miners on the subject in which they were personally interested. No wonder his speech was received in silence. These men in former years have given Mr. Wilson enthusiastic receptions. Their refusal to applaud his remarks yesterday was significant.

Mr. Howard's Courtesy.
It would have been much more to Mr. Howard's credit to have accepted the courteous references to him that Captain Doyener has been making in his speeches in the spirit in which they were evidently intended.
Mr. Howard will not exalt himself in public estimation by charging his opponent with hypocrisy when he referred to him in a complimentary way, and by boasting that he didn't intend to indulge in any compliments himself.

This is not a campaign of personal issues, as Mr. Howard seems to think. The Republicans and the voters generally are paying more attention to the principles involved; and principles, not men, are the issues. In the meantime there is no reason why the men who represent the principles should not avoid personalities. Captain Doyener has been, and will continue, observing the proprieties that obtain between gentlemen who aspire to high positions.

The Intelligencer regrets to note that the esteemed Register is losing its temper, and that in its campaign of abuse it fairly outdoes itself. Personal abuse of Republicans and reckless assertions do not meet argument, nor do they make votes. Besides, the display of anger is unbecoming and unwise. The Register should bear in mind that "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

The Register criticizes McKinley for riding in a special car, and contrasts him with W. L. Wilson. If Mr. Wilson would adopt Gov. McKinley's modern methods he might make such a trip as that from Morgantown to Mannington, for instance, in such time that he would not have to cut his speech short, but could make some reference to free coal and things like that.

Elsewhere in this issue is an interesting interview with Mr. Pracht, one of the secretaries of the American Protective Tariff League, who is in Wheeling gathering industrial statistics for the use of the League. We commend Mr. Pracht's statements to our readers and bespeak for them a careful and thoughtful reading.

THE ECONOMY CRY.

Some Figures Showing Where the Reduction Occurs.

Cincinnati Tribune.

In the campaign of 1892 the Democratic press and speakers said a great deal about the "billion dollar Congress," and charged the Republicans with wastefulness in the expenditure of public money. The charge was not a just one, but as the lie was well persisted in it answered the purpose of truth for the time and deceived the people. The "billion dollar Congress" spent a good deal of money, but it had occasion to pay out large sums to make up Democratic deficiencies, and to provide for unusual expenditures in many departments. The rapid growth of this country makes larger annual expenditures necessary, and no one but a demagogue expects to see them materially reduced. There will be a cry of economy and saving raised by the Democratic speakers next fall, who will claim that the present Congress has been a wonderfully economical one. The appropriations which have been made for 1895 show an apparent reduction of about \$28,000,000, and an examination of the appropriations for 1894 and 1895 indicate that in the single expenditure for pensions alone the difference can be accounted for, and there is no cutting down of the other expenses of the government. The pension appropriation for last year amounted to \$180,681,074.85. For next year it is \$151,581,578. This is a cut of \$29,099,496.85, which more than accounts for the reductions in the bills just passed for next year, and leaves a margin of \$263,515.15. The reason of the last Congress appropriated \$1,020,000 for the eleventh census, while this session had to give only \$365,580 for that work. The second session of the last Congress appropriated \$958,000 for the world's fair, with nothing from this Congress, and the following table is presented:

Cut in pensions.....	\$29,099,496.85
Cut in eleventh census.....	651,594.85
Cut in World's Fair.....	958,000.00
Total.....	\$30,710,091.70
Subtract the reduction for 1895.....	28,835,089.20
And the difference of.....	\$1,875,002.50

is found over and above all reductions by this Congress.

Leaving out the three items mentioned, and deducting the increase of \$1,885,015.15, as shown above, the facts demonstrate that the economy is a Democratic pretense and that it falls upon the old soldiers. Representative

Henderson, of Iowa, commenting upon the financial management of the Democrats, criticizes their pension policy vigorously, and, referring to special examiners, says: "I fear that now instead of special examiners they are used as detectives to cut heroes off the roll of honor. He then enters into a review of the management of the national finances under Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Harrison, and presents an exhibit showing the amounts of cash available under the administrations of General Arthur, Harrison and the second Cleveland administration.

Mr. Arthur had, when he was inaugurated, in round numbers, \$170,000,000; Mr. Cleveland, \$150,000,000; Mr. Harrison, \$183,000,000, and Mr. Cleveland, second term, \$124,000,000. President Harrison did start with \$59,000,000 more than President Cleveland in 1893, he says, because Harrison during his term paid off \$233,588,950 of the public debt of the country. During Mr. Cleveland's first term he paid off only \$143,823,350, and had to be forced to pay off any by the passage of a resolution in the house of representatives, assailing him for his delinquency in this particular.

Another point in favor of Republican management is that revenues were more abundant when that party had the power, for imports were not checked by disastrous tariff tinkering.

An Interesting Curio.
The state museum is just in receipt of an exceedingly interesting curio from C. J. Michaelson, a native of Hamburg, Germany, where he invented the process of hardening rubber, now used with improvement by the Goodyear Company. The specimen donated by the old inventor is the first sample of hard rubber vulcanized between tin foil to obtain a smooth surface, November 20, 1852, and forms one of the most valuable additions to the museum of curiosities secured recently.

WARR IN CHINA.

For the Intelligencer.
BY R. D. M.
Japese wantee makee trude; Heet Johnnie Chinnee looke back; And take loon he allee rak.
Jap put Chinnee jee hole— Makee dille like meadow mole; Cuttee que off at Ping Yang— Steal he money—hoop in dam!
Japese gleet pig pillee boat! Panchee Chinnee in he throat; Shikoo juukoo with big kan— Japese callee it "big fun!"
Chinnee maddee, allee same; No gill buckee wae he came, For Japese blowee him up high Where he never see Lu Wi.
Chinnee likee devil lun. Field he bust more Japese gun! Chinnee army allee flail Loosee pig tail jeeo raid!
Japese banner go like wind Allee samee to Tien Tsai! Chinnee captain, W! Ho Wong, Takee pig tail to Hong Kong.
Japese never do ting fair, When he muckee Chinnee sear; So Hop Ling jump loose bee Where the whaled loose bee!
Japese man loon big gun— Chinnee wishee he have some! He shooote Japese loon head Till allee Japese dead!
Japese lookee awful grim When he git into Tien Tsai; He not shier of Li Hung Chang Or any other Chinnaam.
Chinnee never in such flile— In one litle jug he tight! Japese put he strapple in, Then no breathee Hop Hop Ling.
Li Hung Chang, he belly mad! Waitee killed Japese, bad! Loosee feather—maybe head! Peacock feather say he dead.
Chinnee needee Meilan man— Sometime callee, "Uncle Sam"— Japese then sit awfulee back! If Meilan naquee Japese kill! —W! Ho Ling.

All Free.
Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Lozan Drug Co.'s drug store.

FOR SKIN DISEASES
And Blood Poisoning. Doctor Recommends Cuticura Because It Has Never Failed.
Cured in 3 Months, Salt Rheum of 20 Years' Standing Where All Other Remedies Failed.

It gives me pleasure to recommend your CUTICURA REMEDY to all who are troubled with the various forms of skin diseases and blood poison. I have prescribed your CUTICURA on several occasions, and it has never failed to give good results. I remember of one special case I had, where all other remedies failed until I tried your CUTICURA REMEDY. After using CUTICURA, CUTICURA SOAP, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the patient was sound and well. She was troubled with salt rheum, and had been a sufferer for over twenty years. After beginning the use of CUTICURA REMEDY, she was cured, sound and well in three months.

Acted Like a Charm.
My wife had eczema on her hand for about five years, tried a great many so-called remedies, but they all utterly failed. I at last induced her to try your CUTICURA REMEDY, and am pleased to say they acted like a charm, and although it was a year ago, it has not troubled her since. I will strongly recommend your CUTICURA REMEDY for all such diseases.

Cuticura Resolvent
The new Blood Purifier. Internally it cleanses the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements and thus removes the cause, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, with CUTICURA SOAP, an exclusive Skin Purifier, externally to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair, cure every disease and humor of the skin and blood, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 60c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. PUTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

RHEUMATIC PAINS CURED.
In a minute the Rheumatic Anti-Pain Plaster relieves Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hip, Kidney, Chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. Price, 25c.

The Perfume of Violets
The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in POISSON'S Wondrous Powder.

SHOES—ALEXANDER.
Well, Boys,
What's It to Be?
WINTER RUSSETTS' PATENT LEATHER ENGLISH ENAMEL, CORDOVAN OR CALF SKIN.
YOU NAME THE LEATHER, WE'LL DO THE REST.
LATE SHAPES, SIZES AND WIDTHS TO FIT. WE HAVE THEM RIGHT.
POPULAR PRICES AND A CHANCE TO WIN \$400 (in music) WITH EACH DOLLAR YOU SPEND.
ALEXANDER
SHOE SELLER, 1049 Main St.

SPECIAL SALE—J. S. R. & CO.

SPECIAL

Clearance Sale

—OF—

Wraps!

78 Ladies' Winter Jackets, Black and Colored, ranging in price from \$8.50 to \$15.00. Choice, \$4.90.

43 Misses' Long Cloaks, sizes 14, 16 and 18 years, worth from \$6.50 to \$9.00. Choice, \$1.50.

Cloaks for the Little ones. Good quality and well-made, running in price from \$5.50 to \$11.00. Sizes 4 and 6 years only. Choice, \$1.98.

J. S. Rhodes & Co.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO EQUAL.

\$4.50 CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELED CALF.
\$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
\$3.99 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50-2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
\$2.12 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
\$1.25-2. LADIES' BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Because we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by F. H. MEYER, 2151 Market St. T. J. STONE, 1042 Main Street. JES-SWAP

POLITICAL.

APPOINTMENTS.

Capt. B. B. Doyener Will Address Meetings at the Following Places, Next to and Including October 23, 1894.

Littleton, Wetzel county, Wednesday, October 17, 2:30 p. m.
Marion, Wetzel county, Thursday, October 18, 2 p. m.
Silver Hill, Wetzel county, Friday, October 19, 2 p. m.
Karnshaw, Wetzel county, Saturday, October 20, 2 p. m.
Smithfield (Archer's Fork), Wetzel county, Monday, October 22, 2 p. m.
Pine Grove, Wetzel county, Tuesday, October 23, 2 p. m.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17.

ALL NEW AND UP TO DATE—
M. B. LEAVITT'S
Georgian Spectacular Production.

SPIDER AND FLY!
A COLOSSAL SCENIC CREATION.
Matchless in all its details. The radiant climax of Pantomime, Spectacle, Comedy and Burlesque Brilliantly Blended.
42 PROLOGUE—42
All leaders in their respective lines.
Prices—Reserved seats, 50c. Admission, 75c and 50c. Sale of seats commencing Monday, October 15, at C. A. HODGE'S music store. oc17

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Two Nights Only, Monday and Tuesday, October 15 and 16, RICHARD & PRINGLE'S
Famous + Georgia + Minstrels.
Headed by the Great BILLY KERSANDS.
Prices—15, 25, 35 and 50c. oc17

Y. M. C. A. Concerts and Lectures.
Popular and Attractive and Sure to Please.
Concert Courses in the Opera House.
TICKETS - - - \$2.50.
Oct. 16, The Metropolitan Concert Co. Nov. 16, New York Philharmonic Club, as led by Miss Clara C. Bentley, soprano, Dec. 2, Toronto Concert Co. and the world famous LUTHERAN Male sextette.
Jan. 3, The Mozart Symphony Club.
Feb. 5, The Grand Power string Quartette and celebrated soprano.
March 10, Hummel's Quartette. Four favorite New York Hummerts.
Lecture Course in Association Hall!
TICKETS - - - \$1.00.
Nov. 1, Dr. Robert Nourse, "Frankenstein."
Dec. 14, Dr. W. F. Ordham, "Sketches of the Orient."
Jan. 10, Dr. W. R. Crawford, "Savannah."
Feb. 18, Edward P. Elliott, "The Imperator in his three-act play of 'Dollars and Sense.'"
March 12, Dr. L. B. Sperry, "Gomption and Grief."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
STRAYED—FROM E. J. A. VILLER.
Saturday, September 2, a red and white cow. Finder will be rewarded for its return to its owner at 11 o'clock, at the residence of E. J. A. VILLER, at the corner of Main and Ohio streets, Wheeling, Ohio.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Plans for the Baltimore School Building and the Schumacher Brewing Company's Ice Plant are now ready for estimates.
JOSEPH LEINER, Architect.
oc17

NOTICE.
All members of the Butchers' Protective Association are requested to meet at their last Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, Louis ORT, oc16
W. E. LOWERS, Secy.

ALEXIS GODILLOTT'S
CHERRIES IN MARASQUIN.
C. V. HARDING & CO.,
oc16 1306 Market Street.

DON'T YOU—
Want a Duster?
Special price on Feather Dusters for a few days.
EWING BROS.,
1215 Market Street.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS
IN THIS VICINITY FOR
The Celebrated J. B. Pappe & Co. Whisky
Besides we carry in stock at all times such goods as Old F. Henry, Dougherty, Overholt, Pilsener and Guendelmeier, and any other goods of this class usually carried by first-class houses.
SCHAEFER & DRIEHOEST,
oc16 1428 Main street.

REMOVAL.
This is to notify all concerned that I have opened an up-town office for the sale of
MONONGAH COAL AND COKE,
at No. 1516 MARKET STREET, where accounts are payable and all orders are given prompt attention.
Telephone 83. R. H. D. WILLIS, oc17

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders for grading will be received at the office of the Secretary of the West Virginia State Fair Association up to and including Friday, the 19th inst., at 6 o'clock p. m. of said day.

Specifications can be seen and information obtained at the office of Gil Brown, Civil Engineer, Room 15, Masonic building.
oc17 GEORGE HOOK, Secretary.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE
Of the valuable city real estate of Isaac Froese, deceased, situate in Centre Wheeling and in South Wheeling, heretofore advertised in detail, with in pursuance of adjournment, take place at the north front door of the Court House on
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1894.
at 10 o'clock a. m.

This property consists of lot 33 and part of lot 34, on the southwest corner of Gasoline and Twenty-fourth streets, lot 1 in square 2 of the subdivision of Joseph Caldwell's estate on Chapline street; on those lots are valuable dwelling houses; also the south half of lot 3 in square 7 in the plat of the South Wheeling.

A. J. CLARKE,
GEORGE W. ATKINSON,
Special Commissioners.
J. C. HEAVEY, Auctioneer. oc17

Don't SPOIL YOUR CAKES
With low grade Powder. Use
List's EXCELSIOR BAKING POWDER
PURE & RELIABLE
DOES NOT SPOT CAKES.
Sold in cans and bulk. oc17

ALL COMMERCIAL-ALLIANCE
Policy Holders AND AGENTS
To Address "K."
Box 523 Pittsburgh, Pa.
In order to learn something of importance to them. oc17-18

GRAND Mogullian Bungle

—AND—
INITIATION OF CANDIDATES.
Welcome Conclave No. 672, A. O. A. E.,

—AT—
GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17.
Tickets can be secured for reserved seats at the office of Opera House Box office without extra charge. Admission, 25c. oc17

TRUSTEE'S SALE.
By virtue of a deed of trust made by Phil S. Conway and Anna Conway, his wife, to me as trustee, dated October 23, 1891, recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Ohio county, West Virginia, in Book of Trusts No. 38, at page 136, I will sell at the north front door of the Court House of said county, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of NOVEMBER, 1894, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described property, that is to say:

Lot numbered eighteen in block numbered two of the property laid out by John E. Chappin, at Mr. de Chantel, in Ohio county, West Virginia, as shown on the plat recorded in Pat Book No. 1, page 2.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third and as much more as the purchaser elects to pay in cash on the day of sale, the balance in equal installments of one and two years, notes bearing interest from the day of sale to be given for the deferred payments, the title to be retained until payment in full.
W. J. W. COWDEN, Trustee.
W. H. HALLER, Auctioneer.

STOCKS.
12 shares Riverside Glass Company.
Riverside Iron Works.
Boileau-Sall Mill.
Exchange Bank.
Lafayette Iron Works.
Knox Standard Mill.
Wheeling Electrical Railroad.
Fosteria Glass Company.

SIMPSON & HAZLETT,
Stocks, Bonds and Investments.
oc17 No. 1311 Market St.

Redemption of Bonds.
LOAN OF 1881.

WHEELING, W. VA., October 15, 1894.
The following bonds of the Loan of 1881, which have been drawn by lot according to schedule, and will be redeemed on and after the 1st day of November, 1894, at the Bank of the Ohio Valley, Interest on same comes due on the 1st day of November, 1894, are:

\$107, 172, 182, 311, 315, 327, 333, 338, 343, 348, 353, 358, 363, 368, 373, 378, 383, 388, 393, 398, 403, 408, 413, 418, 423, 428, 433, 438, 443, 448, 453, 458, 463, 468, 473, 478, 483, 488, 493, 498, 503, 508, 513, 518, 523, 528, 533, 538, 543, 548, 553, 558, 563, 568, 573, 578, 583, 588, 593, 598, 603, 608, 613, 618, 623, 628, 633, 638, 643, 648, 653, 658, 663, 668, 673, 678, 683, 688, 693, 698, 703, 708, 713, 718, 723, 728, 733, 738, 743, 748, 753, 758, 763, 768, 773, 778, 783, 788, 793, 798, 803, 808, 813, 818, 823